Degrees and Radians

Level 1 – 2

1. Complete the following table:

Radians	$\frac{\pi}{6}$	$\frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	π	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	2π	$\frac{7\pi}{3}$	4π
Degrees								

2. Complete the following table, writing your answers to 2 decimal places:

Radians								
Degrees	10°	25°	45°	90°	120°	180°	300°	407°

3. Complete the following table by writing the exact value:

Radians								
Degrees	30°	45°	60°	90°	120°	180°	300°	450°

4. Complete the following table, writing your answers to 3 decimal places:

Radians	0.4	1	1.3	2.5	3.05	5	5.3	6
Degrees								

5. Paul typed the following into his calculator, which then displayed the given values. In each case determine whether his calculator was in degrees or radians mode.

Calculation	Calculated Value (to 2 decimal places)	Mode
cos 120	-0.5	
tan(-3)	0.14	
sin ⁻¹ 0.76	49.46	
tan 45	1	
cos 180	-0.60	

6.	Write the following in order, from smallest to largest:								
	12	20° 3	rad	0.2 rad	10°	π rad	181°	2π rad	400°
7.	Using appr	opriate dia	agrams (a	and without	t using you	ır calculat	or) comple	te the following	ng table.
	θ	$\sin \theta$	$\cos \theta$	$\tan \theta$					
	π/6			$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$					
	$\pi/4$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$							
	$\pi/3$								
		1		1	1	Dr	aw your trian	gles here	
									•••••
8.	Determine	the follow	ving value	es without	using your	· calculato	r.		
	a) $\sin \frac{2\pi}{3}$				b) cos	sπ .			
	c) $\tan \frac{4\pi}{3}$				d) cos	$3\frac{-\pi}{3}$			
	e) $\sin 4\pi$				f) tan	$\frac{5\pi}{4}$			
	g) $\cos \frac{7\pi}{4}$				h) sin	$\frac{-7\pi}{6}$			
	i) $\sin \frac{7\pi}{3}$			•••	j) tan	$\frac{-\pi}{2}$			

round for 2 minutes.	
10. a) A car has wheels of radius 30 cm. The wheels are spinning at 10 rad speed of the car in m/s.	lians per second. Calculate the
b) An identical car has wheels which are spinning at 1000 degrees per of the car in m/s. Write your answer to four decimal places.	second. Calculate the speed

in a question like this.	
11. If θ is measured in radians derive expression of the second of th	expressions for the arc length, l , and the sector area, A .
1	
r A	
lacksquare	
r 12. Solve the following equations	
12. Solve the following equations.	
a) $\sin 2x = \frac{1}{2}$ for $0 \le x < 2\pi$	
b) $\cos\left(\frac{x}{3}\right) = -1$ for $-4\pi \le x \le 4\pi$	

c) Look at your answers to parts a) and b). Explain an advantage of using radians instead of degrees

c	$\sin(x+\pi)=0$	
	for $-3\pi \le x < 3\pi$	
I	Level 7 – 8	
13. S	Solve the following	
a	$\sin \theta + \cos \theta = -1 \text{ for } -\pi \le \theta$	$\leq \pi$
•		
•		
•		
b	(a) $2\cos^2\theta + 11\cos\theta + 5 = 0$ for	$-2\pi \le \theta \le 2\pi$
-		
•		
n		Its centre is 52 m above the ground. It rotates at 2 radians per eel at its lowest point. Determine the amount of time in seconds e rider is below a height of 15 m.